

Comprehensive Needs Assessment 2019 - 2020 School Report



Chattooga County Menlo Elementary School

1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

1.1 Identification of Team

The comprehensive needs assessment team consists of people who are responsible for working collaboratively throughout the needs assessment process. Ideal team members possess knowledge of programs, the capacity to plan and implement the needs assessment, and the ability to ensure stakeholder involvement. A required team member's name may be duplicated when multiple roles are performed by the same person. Documentation of team member involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <u>Planning and Preparation webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name	
Team Member # 1	Principal	Mark Pickle	
Team Member # 2	Counselor	Courtney Driskell	
Team Member # 3	Instructional Coach	Paula Buice	
Team Member # 4	Team Leader/Teacher	Claudia Maddux	
Team Member # 5	Team Leader/Teacher	Lacey Bowman	
Team Member # 6	Team Leader/Teacher	Christy Willis	
Team Member # 7	Team Leader/ Teacher	Deb Sparks	

Additional Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	Team Leader/SPED Teacher	Peggy Elrod
Team Member # 2	Team Leader/ Teacher	Leann Webb
Team Member # 3	Team Leader/ Media Specialist	Marie Rowland
Team Member # 4	Team Member	Team Member
Team Member # 5	Team Member	Team Member
Team Member # 6	Team Member	Team Member
Team Member # 7	Team Member	Team Member
Team Member # 8	Team Member	Team Member
Team Member # 9		
Team Member # 10		

1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

1.2 Identification of Stakeholders

Stakeholders are those individuals with valuable experiences and perspective who will provide the team with important input, feedback, and guidance. Required stakeholders must be engaged in the process to meet the requirements of participating federal programs. Documentation of stakeholder involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <u>Planning and Preparation</u> webinar for additional information and guidance.

Stakeholders

	Position/Role	Name	
Stakeholder # 1	Instructional Coach	Paula Buice	
Stakeholder # 2	Counselor	Courtney Driskell	
Stakeholder # 3	Parent Liason	Crystal Elrod	
Stakeholder # 4	Health Care Provider	Amber Roach	
Stakeholder # 5	Technology Expert	Mike Brown	
Stakeholder # 6	Media Specialist	Marie Rowland	
Stakeholder # 7	Social Worker	Michelle Floyd	
Stakeholder # 8			

How will the team ensure that stakeholders	Copies of the CNA will be given to each stakeholder for them to review and	
are able to provide meaningful feedback	offer suggestions for revision. On the second meeting discussions will be held	
throughout the needs assessment process?	for possible changes or revisions. After the completion of this task the entire	
	group will meet to discuss and come to an agreement that will ensure the best	
	direction is being taken to achieve student success.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.1 Coherent Instructional System

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of instructional needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <u>Coherent Instructional System webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

	Curriculum Standard 1 - Uses systematic, collaborative planning processes so that teachers share an understanding of expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction		
1. Exemplary	A systematic, collaborative process is used proactively for curriculum planning.		
	Nearly all teachers or groups of teachers, support staff, and leaders within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.		
2. Operational	A systematic, collaborative process is used regularly for curriculum planning.	√	
	Most teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.		
3. Emerging	A collaborative process is used occasionally for curriculum planning.		
	Some teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.		
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process is rarely, if ever, used for curriculum planning.		
	Few, if any, teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.		

Curriculum Standard 2 - Designs curriculum documents and aligns resources with the intended rigor of the requistandards		
1. Exemplary	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope, and sequence documents, guides) that are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards are the products of a systematic, collaborative process. These curriculum documents and resources are used and continuously revised by teachers and support staff to ensure an alignment with the intended, taught, and tested standards.	
2. Operational	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope and sequence documents, guides) have been designed, and resources are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards. These curriculum documents and resources guide the work of teachers and instructional support staff.	V
3. Emerging	Curriculum documents and resources exist, but they are not complete in all content areas or grade levels or lack the intended rigor of the required standards	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, curriculum documents and resources exist to support the implementation of the intended rigor of the required standards.	

Instruction Standard 1 - Provides a supportive and well - /bmanaged environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most classrooms.	√
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few, if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 - Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration). Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	~
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

Instruction Standard 3 - Establishes and communicates clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to currestandards		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	
	Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work. Articulation of the learning targets is consistent and pervasive among like content areas and grade levels	
2. Operational	Most teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards. Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work.	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any teachers establish clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	

Instruction Standard 4 - Uses research based instructional practices that positively impact student learning		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers pervasively demonstrate a repertoire of highly effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	
2. Operational	Most teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	V
3. Emerging	Some teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

Instruction Standard 5	- Differentiates instruction to meet specific learning needs of students	
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students. Nearly all teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL). Remediation, enrichment, and acceleration are pervasive practices.	
2. Operational	Most teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students. Most teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL).	1
3. Emerging	Some teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.	

Instruction Standard 6 - Uses appropriate, current technology to enhance learning		
1. Exemplary	The use by staff members and students of appropriate, current technology to enhance learning is an institutional practice (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	
2. Operational	Most staff members and students use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	\checkmark
3. Emerging	Some staff members, students, or both use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

Instruction Standard 7 - Provides feedback to students on their performance on the standards or learning targets		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
	Nearly all teachers systematically elicit diagnostic information from individual students regarding their understanding of the standards or learning targets.	
2. Operational	Most teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with feedback on their performance, or the feedback that is provided is not specific, timely, or understandable.	

Instruction Standard 8 - Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their ow		wn progress
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.	
	Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.	
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.	√
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	

Instruction Standard 9 - Provides timely, systematic, data - /bdriven interventions		
1. Exemplary	 Nearly all students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs. Interventions are designed to meet the needs of each student. The effectiveness of those interventions is consistently monitored and adjustments are made. 	
2. Operational	Most students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs.	√
3. Emerging	Some students are provided extra assistance or needed support in a timely manner.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students are provided extra assistance or effective support in a timely manner.	

Assessment Standard 1 - Aligns assessments with the required curriculum standards		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	\checkmark
	Assessments are reviewed during the school year to ensure alignment.	
2. Operational	Most assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
3. Emerging	Some assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	

Assessment Standard 3 - Uses common assessments aligned with the required standards to monitor student progress, inform instruction, and improve teacher practices		
1. Exemplary	Teachers consistently use common assessments aligned with the required standards in nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both for diagnostic, summative, and formative purposes.	\checkmark
	The data from the common assessments are analyzed down to the item level, and the results are used to inform instruction and improve teacher practices.	
2. Operational	Teachers use common assessments aligned with the required standards in most content areas to monitor student progress, inform instruction, and improve teacher practices.	
3. Emerging	Teachers use some common assessments aligned with the required standards in a few content areas with a limited amount of data analysis to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.	
4. Not Evident	Teachers use few, if any, common assessments to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.	

Assessment Standard 4 - Implements a process to collaboratively analyze assessment results to adjust instruction		
1. Exemplary	Teachers extensively use a systematic, collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is consistently adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results across all content areas, grade levels, or both.	~
2. Operational	Teachers regularly use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is routinely adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	
3. Emerging	Teachers occasionally use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is sometimes adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process to analyze assessment results does not exist. Instruction is rarely, if ever, adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	

Assessment Standard 5 - Implements grading practices that provide an accurate indication of student progress on required standards		
1. Exemplary	The grading practices used by teachers across nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both, consistently provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
2. Operational	The grading practices used by teachers in most content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	√
3. Emerging	The grading practices used by teachers in some content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
4. Not Evident	The grading practices used by teachers rarely, if ever, provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.2 Effective Leadership

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of leadership needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Effective Leadership webinar for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Standard 1 - Builds and sustains relationships to foster the success of students and staff		
1. Exemplary	Administrators consistently build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff. The school staff is fully engaged in relationship building through collaboration, internal and external communication, and building trust with staff, students, families, and community stakeholders.	
2. Operational	Administrators regularly build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	√
3. Emerging	Administrators sometimes build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators seldom, if ever, build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	

Leadership Standard 2 - Initiates and manages change to improve staff performance and student learning		
1. Exemplary	 Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders initiate and sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning. Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders create a sense of urgency for change and effectively communicate a common vision. 	
2. Operational	Administrators and the school leadership team initiate and sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning. The principal provides an appropriate balance of pressure and support to manage the change process for desired results.	~
3. Emerging	Administrators initiate change to improve staff performance and student learning but do not sustain the change, remove barriers, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators initiate few, if any, changes that impact staff performance and student learning.	

Leadership Standard 3 - Uses systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices		
1. Exemplary	The principal and other school leaders continually use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices. The principal and other school leaders have a comprehensive knowledge and understanding of the best practices for curriculum, assessment, instruction, and	V
2. Operational	 professional learning. The principal and other school leaders often use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices. 	
3. Emerging	The principal and other school leaders occasionally use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	
4. Not Evident	The principal and other school leaders rarely, if ever, use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	

Leadership Standard 4 - Uses processes to systematically analyze data to improve student achievement		
1. Exemplary	Extensive, comprehensive processes, including root cause analysis, are used consistently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	
2. Operational	Numerous processes are used frequently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	√
3. Emerging	Some processes are in place and used occasionally to analyze data to improve student achievement.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, processes are in place to analyze data to improve student achievement.	

Leadership Standard 5 - Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	√
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or problem-solving.	

Leadership Standard 6 - Establishes and supports a data-driven school leadership team that is focused on student learni		
1. Exemplary	 A highly effective, proactive, and data-driven school leadership team is focused on student learning. The leadership team addresses nearly all areas of student and staff learning and school leadership, including the development, implementation, and regular monitoring of the school improvement plan. 	
2. Operational	A data-driven school leadership team is established with stakeholder representation (e.g., core and non-core teachers, certified support staff) and is focused on student learning. The school leadership team meets regularly and uses norms and protocols to work effectively and efficiently.	√
3. Emerging	The school leadership team is established and has some stakeholder representation but is focused chiefly on school operations rather than student learning.	
4. Not Evident	A school leadership team does not exist or does not have adequate stakeholder representation.	

Leadership Standard 7	- Monitors and evaluates the performance of teachers and other staff using multiple data	sources
1. Exemplary	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff through observations, surveys, data, and documentation is consistent and comprehensive, resulting in highly accurate performance evaluations.	
	A comprehensive system is in place to provide teachers and staff with ongoing, accurate, timely, detailed, descriptive feedback related to their performance.	
	Administrators use the evaluation process to identify role models, teacher leaders, or both.	
2. Operational	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff regularly occurs using data or documentation, generally resulting in accurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive accurate, timely, descriptive feedback related to their performance.	V
3. Emerging	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff is inconsistent, incomplete, or lacks data or documentation, sometimes resulting in inaccurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive some descriptive feedback related to their performance.	
4. Not Evident	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff rarely occurs or often results in inaccurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive little or no descriptive feedback related to their	
	performance.	

Leadership Standard 8 - Provides ongoing support to teachers and other staff		
1. Exemplary	A comprehensive support system that is timely and targeted to individual needs is	
	provided to teachers and other staff.	
2. Operational	Most support provided to teachers and other staff is targeted to individual needs.	\checkmark
3. Emerging	Some support provided to teachers and staff is targeted to individual needs.	
4. Not Evident	Support to teachers and staff does not exist or is not targeted to individual needs.	

	Planning and Organization Standard 1 - Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide t continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	 A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders. The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed. 		
	The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained commitment to continuous improvement.		
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders. The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous improvement process.	V	
3. Emerging	A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.		
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.		

e	Planning and Organization Standard 2 - Uses a data-driven and consensus-oriented process to develop and implement school improvement plan that is focused on student performance		
1. Exemplary	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from nearly all stakeholders.		
	The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a strong focus on increasing student performance.		
	This process and plan consistently guide the work of the school staff.		
2. Operational	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from most plan stakeholders. The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a focus on increasing student performance.	V	
3. Emerging	A school improvement plan has been developed with input from some stakeholders. The school improvement plan is based on incomplete data analysis with limited focus on student performance.		
4. Not Evident	An up-to-date, data-driven school improvement plan focused on student performance is not in place.		

Planning and Organization Standard 3 - Monitors implementation of the school improvement plan and makes as needed		adjustments
1. Exemplary	 The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are continually monitored by administrators, the school leadership team, and teacher leaders to evaluate the impact on student performance. Ongoing adjustments are made based on various performance, process, and perception data. 	
2. Operational	he goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are regularly monitored by administrators and the school leadership team to evaluate the impact on student performance. Adjustments are made to the plan, as needed, based on the analysis of data.	
3. Emerging	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are occasionally monitored by administrators.	√
4. Not Evident	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are rarely, if ever, monitored.	

Planning and Organization Standard 4 - Monitors the use of available resources to support continuous improvement		
1. Exemplary	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is consistently monitored. School schedules and processes are designed to make effective use of personnel, time, materials, and equipment.	
2. Operational	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is frequently monitored.	\checkmark
3. Emerging	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is inconsistently monitored.	
4. Not Evident	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is rarely, if ever, monitored.	

Planning and Organization Standard 5 - Develops, communicates, and implements rules, policies, schedules, and procedures to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness		
1. Exemplary	 Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed with stakeholder input, effectively communicated, and consistently implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness. These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are consistently reviewed and revised as needed. 	
2. Operational	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed, communicated, and implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness. These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are periodically reviewed and systematically revised as needed.	V
3. Emerging	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed but are not effectively communicated or are implemented inconsistently across the school.	
4. Not Evident	 Rules, policies, or procedures are not developed, are poorly communicated, or are ineffectively implemented. In some cases, rules, policies, schedules, or procedures are out of date or have become barriers to student learning or staff effectiveness. 	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.3 Professional Capacity

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of professional capacity needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <u>Professional Capacity webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Professional Capacity Data

Leadership Standard 5 - Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and	
	problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and	√
	problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving,	
	or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or	
	problem-solving.	

Professional Learning Standard 1 - Aligns professional learning with needs identified through analysis of a variet		
1. Exemplary	Professional learning needs are identified and differentiated through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families). Ongoing support is provided through differentiated professional learning.	
2. Operational	Professional learning needs are identified through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families).	V
3. Emerging	Professional learning needs are identified using limited sources of data.	
4. Not Evident	Professional learning needs are identified using little or no data.	

Professional Capacity Data

Professional Learning Standard 2 - Establishes a culture of collaboration among administrators and staff to enhance individual and collective performance		nance
1. Exemplary	 Administrators and staff, as a foundational practice, consistently collaborate to support leadership and personal accountability and to enhance individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback). Teachers conduct action research and assume ownership of professional learning processes. 	
2. Operational	Administrators and staff routinely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback).	√
3. Emerging	Administrators and staff sometimes collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators and staff rarely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	

Professional Learning Standard 3 - Defines expectations for implementing professional learning		
1. Exemplary	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both consistently define expectations for the implementation of professional learning, including details regarding the stages of	
	implementation and how monitoring will occur as implementation progresses.	
2. Operational	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both regularly define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	√
3. Emerging	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both occasionally define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both rarely, if ever, define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	

Professional Capacity Data

Professional Learni staff	Professional Learning Standard 4 - Uses multiple professional learning designs to support the various learning needs of t staff	
1. Exemplary	 Staff members actively participate in job-embedded professional learning that engages collaborative teams in a variety of appropriate learning designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks). Professional learning includes extensive follow-up with descriptive feedback and coaching. 	
2. Operational	Staff members actively participate in professional learning, most of which is job-embedded, which includes multiple designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem-solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks) to support their various learning needs. Professional learning includes follow-up with feedback and coaching.	√
3. Emerging	Some staff members are engaged in professional learning that makes use of more than one learning design to address their identified needs.	
4. Not Evident	Staff members receive single, stand-alone professional learning events that are informational and mostly large-group presentation designs.	

Professional Learning Standard 5 - Allocates resources and establishes systems to support and sustain effective plearning		professional
1. Exemplary	 Extensive resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are allocated to support and sustain effective professional learning. Opportunities to practice skills, receive follow-up, feedback, and coaching are provided to support the effectiveness of professional learning. 	
2. Operational	Adequate resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are in place to support and sustain professional learning.	√
3. Emerging	Some resources and systems are allocated to support and sustain professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, resources and systems are provided to support and sustain professional learning.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.4 Family and Community Engagement

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to family and community engagement. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <u>Family and Community Engagement webinar</u> for additional information and guidance. Visit Georgia's Family Connection Partnership's <u>KIDS COUNT</u> for additional data.

Family and Community Engagement Data

,	Family and Community Engagement Standard 1 - Creates an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects fam and community members to the school		
1. Exemplary	 The school has a well-established, inviting learning environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school. Numerous opportunities are given to family members to become actively engaged in school-related events and improvement efforts as participants, event managers, and workers. 		
2. Operational	The school has created an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	√	
3. Emerging	The school has made some progress toward creating an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.		
4. Not Evident	The school has not created an environment that welcomes, encourages, or connects family and community members to the school.		

Family and Community Engagement Standard 2 - Establishes structures that promote clear and open communication

between the school and stakeholders		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented.	
	Structures are continuously monitored for reliable and interactive communication.	
2. Operational	Most structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented.	\checkmark
3. Emerging	Some structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	

Family and Community Engagement Data

Family and Community Engagement Standard 3 - Establishes relationships and decision-making processes that buil capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students		
1. Exemplary	 A wide variety of relationships and collaborative decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services, post-secondary partnerships) are pervasive in promoting student success and well being. Expectations for family and community engagement are embedded in the culture and result in stakeholders being actively involved in decision-making. 	
2. Operational	Numerous relationships and decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services) effectively build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students.	~
3. Emerging	Limited relationships and decision-making processes have been initiated by the school to build capacity for family and community engagement.	
4. Not Evident	Relationships and decision-making processes for families and the community are non-existent, or those that do exist contribute minimally to student success.	

Family and Commustatus to families	nity Engagement Standard 4 - Communicates academic expectations and current student a	achievement
1. Exemplary	The school staff provides families with ongoing, detailed academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols).	
	Extensive communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, student-led parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	
2. Operational	The school staff communicates academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols) throughout the year.	V
	Regular communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	
3. Emerging	The school staff communicates some academic expectations at the start of the year. Some communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to inform families of academic expectations. Little, if any, communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	

Family and Community Engagement Data

Family and Community Engagement Standard 5 - Develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at h will enhance academic achievement		home that
1. Exemplary	The school continually develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
2. Operational	The school frequently develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
3. Emerging	The school occasionally develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	√
4. Not Evident	The school seldom, if ever, develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	

Family and Community Engagement Standard 6 - Connects families with agencies and resources in the commute needs of students		unity to meet
1. Exemplary	The school has a systematic process in place to connect families with an array of agencies and resources (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	
2. Operational	The school regularly connects families to agencies and resources in the community (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	~
3. Emerging	The school sometimes connects families to agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school does little to connect families with agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.5 Supportive Learning Environment

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to a supportive learning environment. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students). See the <u>Supportive Learning Environment webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Instruction Standard 1 - Provides a supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most classrooms.	√
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few, if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 - Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration). Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	\checkmark
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

Instruction Standard 8	Instruction Standard 8 - Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own progre		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress. Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.		
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.	√	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.		
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.		

School Culture Standard 1 - Develops, communicates, and implements rules, practices, and procedures to maintain a orderly learning environment		tain a safe,
1. Exemplary	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are proactively developed, communicated, and consistently implemented across the school. These rules, practices, and procedures are continually monitored and revised as needed.	
2. Operational	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are developed, communicated, and implemented.	\checkmark
3. Emerging	Rules, practices, and procedures are developed and communicated but are ineffective or inconsistently implemented across the school.	
4. Not Evident	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly, learning environment are not developed nor updated or are poorly communicated.	

School Culture Standard 2 - Establishes a culture of trust and respect that promotes positive interactions and a sense of community		sense of
1. Exemplary	 Extensive evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A pervasive commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident. 	
2. Operational	 Evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A sustained commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident. 	~
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.A limited commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.Unresolved conflicts interfere with a sense of community.	

School Culture Standard	d 3 - Establishes a culture that supports the college and career readiness of students	
1. Exemplary	Extensive evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students.	
	The school culture supports addressing individual achievement needs and strengths to prepare students for success.	
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students.	√
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	

School Culture Standard	14 - Supports the personal growth and development of students	
1. Exemplary	The school staff consistently provides a comprehensive system of support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to maximize the personal growth and development of nearly all students.	
2. Operational	The school staff regularly provides support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to enhance the personal growth and development of students.	√
3. Emerging	The school staff sporadically supports the personal growth and development of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to support the personal growth and development of students.	
School Culture Standard	15 - Recognizes and celebrates achievements and accomplishments of students and staf	f
1. Exemplary	The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff. The celebrations are publicized within the school and to the community and support the culture of the school.	V
2. Operational	The school community regularly recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.	
3. Emerging	The school community periodically recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students and/or staff.	
4. Not Evident	The school community rarely, if ever, recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students or staff.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.6 Data Analysis Questions

Analyze the LEA's data and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of demographic and financial needs. Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students).

What perception data did you use?Title 1 Parent Surveys, School Climate Survey, & Student Health Surveys.

What does the perception data tell you?	Most areas are operational that makes our school functional with a few areas needing work that are in the emerging stages. Overall there is still room for
	improvement.

What process data did you use?	CCRPI, Georgia Milestones, Write Score, GCA Assesslets, STAR Reading and
	Math, NEXT Steps Guided Reading Assessment and district developed
	common benchmarks are the forms of data that were utilized for the CNA.
	Data teams continue to create more precise planning in our school, as well as
	district wide. These meetings consist of planning common formative
	assessments, analyzing other data components, developing and enhancing
	better instructional methods, and providing timely feedback from teachers as
	well as instructional coaches.

What does your process data tell you?	Although lower level students continue to struggle we are making progress in
	growth. Those students that are average and above average are continuing to
	grow and improvement in all areas are still a priority that teachers are striving
	toward. A specific area targeted for improvement is elementary reading and
	writing, and 8th grade GA studies in the middle grades. Reviewing the phonics
	and reading curriculum and implementation of with fidelity will be a focus for
	the upcoming year. Currently, the district is adopting K-5 Reading program.

What achievement data did you use?	STAR Math and reading assessments, EOG and EOC Milestone Assessments,
	common formative assessments, and other software programs that
	demonstrate achievement levels.

What does your achievement data tell you?	Our CCRPI indicators for elementary and middle grades were both given
	grades of B and our milestones data has shown improvement in closing gaps and student growth.

What demographic data did you use?	Student populations for GMAS (Georgia Milestones Testing), Student Health Survey 2.0,
------------------------------------	---

What does the demographic data tell you?	Approximately 95% of our students are white and the majority are from the
	lower socioeconomic group, with 72% of the student population accounting in
	the lower socioeconomic group. We have identified a focus on the subgroups
	of Economically Disadvantaged and Students with Disabilities achievement in
	ELA, identifying students performing at Level 2 and implementing targeted
	interventions to move those students from Level 2 to Level 3.

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.1 Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Read the trends and patterns summaries from each section of the data analysis process. Use the information in these summaries to complete 3.2 and 3.3. Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.2. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Coherent Instructional: Summarize the	Four core area academic coaches were established by the school system the
coherent instructional system trends and	purpose of analyzing and improving classroom delivery and student
patterns observed by the team while	assessments. These leaders or coaches meet monthly with grade level subject
completing this section of the report. What	content specific professional learning communities to analyze data from
are the important trends and patterns that	district wide common formative assessments and identify targeted
will support the identification of student,	interventions. The instructional coaches also provide professional learning,
teacher, and leader needs?	improved curriculum understanding, and assistance in devising better student
	assessments. The previous trends and patterns of the system were not concise
	or direct and lacked specific guidance. With the establishment of these leaders
	and district wide grade level content specific professional learning
	communities, student growth in learning and achievement scores have
	continued to improve as a district.

Effective Leadership: Summarize the	Instructional specialists along with the curriculum director and principal meet
effective leadership trends and patterns	periodically to discuss any concerns or discrepancies in assessments and better
observed by the team while completing this	use of instructional strategies. This information is used to inform teachers of
section of the report. What are the	avenues to address academic issues that would help improve classroom
important trends and patterns that will	delivery. Presently, this information is helping to improve scores that are
support the identification of student,	reflected through STAR Math and Reading as well as other online assessments.
teacher, and leader needs?	

Professional Capacity: Summarize the	Established district-wide professional learning communities have supported
- ·	
professional capacity trends and patterns	teachers across grade levels and subject content areas to identify student needs,
observed by the team while completing this	as well as, identify best researched instructional strategies and professional
section of the report. What are the	learning needs. Mentors support new teachers during the first three years of
important trends and patterns that will	teaching. Administrators are part of the NWGA RESA principal advisory
support the identification of student,	council, which helps to keep principals apprised of the latest trends in
teacher, and leader needs?	education and identify needs for professional growth.
	Academically, student needs in writing continues to be a priority that is
	prevalent throughout all grade levels. Presently, our school is implementing
	the Lucy Caulkins Writing Program and positive results are beginning to be
	more commonplace. Professional development, purchase of software that is
	relative to the program as well as placing highly qualified staff in these writing

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Professional Capacity: Summarize the professional capacity trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this	positions have help to deliver better instruction.
section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?	

Family and Community Engagement:	Monthly activities are held at Menlo School, as well as district level, to promote
Summarize the family and community	family engagement and improve formal conversation between parents,
engagement trends and patterns observed by	teachers, and school leaders. Attendance at most activities varies with science
the team while completing this section of the	night, math night, literacy and social studies night being the most attended.
report. What are the important trends and	Also, a Reading Across America Day and Grandparents Day involves a
patterns that will support the identification	substantial amount of community involvement. Presently, the identification of
of student, teacher, and leader needs?	student interest in the lower grades is generally higher, but avenues are
	presently being planned to improve middle grades interest and attendance. In
	addition, to address parent concerns about curriculum and current
	instructional methods, student representatives and/or teachers will present a
	curriculum focus at each monthly PTO meeting for the 2019-2020 school year.

Supportive Learning Environment:	The faculty of MES provides the students with a supportive learning
Summarize the supportive learning	environment in a number of ways. First, teachers throughout the school have
environment trends and patterns observed	a common belief that all students deserve an academically challenging learning
by the team while completing this section of	environment. This common belief drives teachers to provide differentiated
the report. What are the important trends	lessons through inquiry and hands on learning. Teachers conference with
and patterns that will support the	students on an individual basis so that academic goals are met and exceeded.
identification of student, teacher, and leader	Teachers frequently meet with the Success Team to look at and analyze data to
needs?	determine overall strengths and weaknesses of the student body. On a regular
	basis students are given rubrics, checklists, and exemplars that help them
	monitor their own learning so that deeper thinking processes are carried out.
	Further, students are encouraged to explore careers and other opportunities
	that prepare students for success in the 21st century. Opportunities include
	the Master Gardener's program, 4-H, and Future Problem Solvers.
	Students are encouraged to set personal goals for themselves that support
	growth and development. When goals are met and growth occurs, students
	are rewarded with many kinds of celebrations including quarterly AR
	celebrations, monthly SOM recognition, coupons from various restaurants,
	and A/AB Honor Roll recognition.
	Finally, all members of the Menlo school community including
	administration, faculty and staff, office personnel, students, and parents
	encourage a very real sense of trust and respect. Examples of this include yearly
	Grandparents Day and Veterans Day programs, monthly reading buddies,
	morning greetings and handshakes, pep rallies, Rock the School Day and
	Helping Hands. History and science summer camps are held district wide to

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Supportive Learning Environment:	improve participation among both students and parents. After school tutoring
Summarize the supportive learning	provides further student support.
environment trends and patterns observed	
by the team while completing this section of	
the report. What are the important trends	
and patterns that will support the	
identification of student, teacher, and leader	
needs?	

Demographic and Financial: Summarize the	The demographic data from our county shows that it is a poor area with most
demographic and financial trends and	families falling into the lower middle socioeconomic class. Resources are in
patterns observed by the team while	place from our Title 1 program that provide help and education for parents
completing this section of the report. What	and/or guardians related to their child's education. The employed Parent
are the important trends and patterns that	Liaisons offer a valuable resource to this group of parents that have shown
will support the identification of student,	benefits.
teacher, and leader needs?	

	1
Student Achievement: Summarize the	Currently, results from Milestones Testing having shown the gaps are
student achievement trends and patterns	decreasing in ELA and Math. The establishment of instructional specialists
observed by the team while completing this	have created better avenues for teachers to help students improve their scores
section of the report. What are the	that may have struggled as recently as 3 years ago. As teachers, support staff,
important trends and patterns that will	and students buy into the process results are continuing to be positive.
support the identification of student,	This meets needs of all children through differentiation, RTI, SpecEd (IEPs,
teacher, and leader needs?	Read180, Gifted Program, Speech, 504 plans etc.) parent-meetings, and Data
	Team discussions. Most teachers have completed a PLC in "Differentiation"
	and the lesson plan format adopted by the county requires differentiation to be
	incorporated into daily lesson plans. Teachers analyze formative data in order
	to place students on T2 and T3 in reading and math. Interventions are then
	implemented and students are taught and assessed to monitor growth and
	achievement. Special Education teachers work with both pull-out and
	inclusion classes in order to meet the needs of this student population. Gifted
	students receive instruction through differentiated tasks and through a Gifted
	ELT block of instruction in elementary school. Students are provided with
	services for speech, physical therapy, and occupational therapy. IEP's and 504
	plans help teachers to modify accommodations for students and protect
	student rights. All teachers take part in Grade-Level Data Meetings in which
	student performance data is analyzed and is followed by a discussion of
	teaching strategies. Menlo students also receive art instruction from a certified
	teacher and Character Education through a program adopted by the school
	counselor.

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Strengths	Software programs such as IXL, Lexia, Study Island, Moby Max, Zearn, Reading Eggs, Math Seeds, Typesy, Reading Prodigy, and Scholastic Works provide supportive resources for all students, as well as, for the special ed population. As a result, these supplements to the educational process give students more and better avenues to grow and become more competent with computer use.
	Read 180 is a program implemented in grades 3-8. This reading program is utilized to meet the reading weaknesses and identified needs of our special ed population and other struggling readers. This year the system has hired parapros for all kindergarten and first grade classes. This addition has supplied classroom support with group work, struggling readers, and extension for the more advanced students.

Challenges	Attendance is an issue that is in need of improvement. The school social
	worker needs to work more closely with schools and parents to help them
	understand the importance of student attendance. Teachers work toward
	making classroom lessons more relevant and interesting for students, but LES
	needs to make sure we are differentiating where needed.

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.2 Identification and Prioritization of Overarching Needs

Use the results of 3.1 to identify the overarching needs of the LEA. Determine the priority order of the identified needs based on data, team member and stakeholder knowledge, and answers to questions in the table below. Be sure to address the major program challenges identified in 3.1. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Overarching Need # 1

Overarching Need	An overarching need at Menlo School is to improve Lexile Levels and writing results for all students. Through the improvement of this need, scores in all core areas will improve.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	Better
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	1

Additional Considerations	Improving the educational involvement between parents and children at an early age will
	enhance learning earlier and hopefully make the student a stronger reader and writer.

Overarching Need # 2

Overarching Need	Increase rigor in all areas.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	Better
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	2

Increasing the rigor in daily assignments will push students to move from memorization
and recall to application of information learned in core content classes.

Overarching Need # 3

Overarching Need	Employment of an academic coach at Menlo School
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or worse over time?	Better
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	3

Additional Considerations	The employment of an academic coach would enable teachers to work closely with the
	coach to improve rigor and help increase the Lexile Levels of students . The coach would
	also assist with data analysis and the organization and formation of Professional Learning
	Communities.

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.3 Root Cause Analysis

Select the top 2-4 overarching needs from 3.2. Conduct a separate root cause analysis (RCA) for each need. Any RCA tools and resources can be used, but suggestions are available as part of the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u>. After describing the RCA process, complete a table for each selected overarching need.

Overarching Need - An overarching need at Menlo School is to improve Lexile Levels and writing results for all students. Through the improvement of this need, scores in all core areas will improve.

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Better use of the phonics program at an earlier age and identification of struggling students earlier will help to alleviate and correct issues sooner.
This is a root cause and not a contributing cause or symptom	Yes
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education School and District Effectiveness Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program

Additional Responses	Through professional development and training of K-2 teachers in phonics and reading
	programs this would help advance a quicker solution to the problem.

Overarching Need - Increase rigor in all areas.

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Classroom assignments and questioning during daily assignments should be taught at a higher level DOK.
This is a root cause and not a contributing cause or symptom	Yes
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program

Root Cause # 1

Impacted Programs	Title I, Part C - Education of Migratory Children Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and other School Leaders
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment

Additional Responses	Students need more assignments that require them to apply information learned through
	core content areas instead of recalling memorized content knowledge.

Overarching Need - Employment of an academic coach at Menlo School

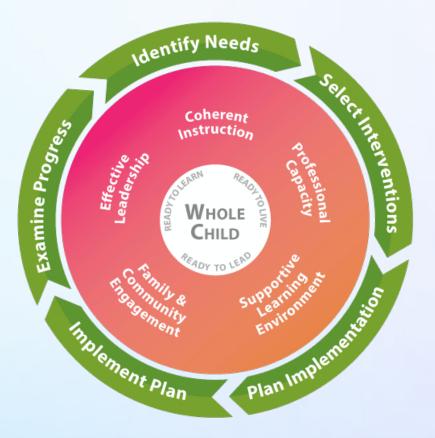
Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Lower socio-economic population, parental involvement and lack of emphasis placed on reading at home, and undiagnosed learning disabilities.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment

Additional Responses	Need to improve literacy in all content areas, math fluency, and improve rigor. A need for
	a quality researched based reading program has been indentified by the administration
	and staff.



School Improvement Plan 2019 - 2020



Chattooga County Menlo Elementary School

SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

1 General Improvement Plan Information

General Improvement Plan Information

District	Chattooga County
School Name	Menlo Elementary School
Team Lead	Mark Pickle

Fede	Federal Funding Options to Be Employed (SWP Schools) in this Plan (Select all that apply)		
\checkmark	Traditional funding (all Federal funds budgeted separately)		
	Consolidated funds (state/local and federal funds consolidated) - Cohort systems ONLY		
	'FUND 400' - Consolidation of Federal funds only		

Fact	Factors(s) Used by District to Identify Students in Poverty (Select all that apply)		
\checkmark	Free/Reduced meal application		
	Community Eligibility Program (CEP) - Direct Certification ONLY		
\checkmark	Other (if selected, please describe below) The Residency Questionnaire required by McKinney-Vento is also used to		
	identify students in poverty.		

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.1 OverarchingNeed # 1

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	An overarching need at Menlo School is to improve Lexile Levels and writing results for all
CNA Section 3.2	students. Through the improvement of this need, scores in all core areas will improve.
Root Cause # 1	Better use of the phonics program at an earlier age and identification of struggling
	students earlier will help to alleviate and correct issues sooner.
Goal	By the end of the 2019-2020 school year, 80% of students will have shown growth by
	minimum of 100 Lexile points.

Action Step	Teachers will effectively utilize Assessment Data in order to differentiate reading
	instruction.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
-	Title I, Part A SIG
	Title I, Part C
	Title I, Part D
	Title II, Part A
	Title III, Part A
	Title IV, Part A
	Title V, Part B
	IDEA
	McKinney-Vento
	Perkins
	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Assessment Data/Growth Reports
Implementation and Effectiveness	Lesson Plans
Position/Role Responsible	Principal
	Classroom Teachers
	Success Team

Action Step # 1

Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships with IHEs,	Through the use of Tillotson Grant from a local business - materials and supplies will be
business, Non-Profits,	purchased to address goals.
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementating in	
carrying out this action step(s)?	

Action Step	K-2 teachers will use the Saxon Phonics program with more fidelity and consistency.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
	Title I, Part A SIG
	Title I, Part C
	Title I, Part D
	Title II, Part A
	Title III, Part A
	Title IV, Part A
	Title V, Part B
	IDEA
	McKinney-Vento
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Lesson Plans
Implementation and Effectiveness	Observations
Position/Role Responsible	Principal
	Classroom Teachers
	Success Team
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

What partnerships with IHEs,	Through the use of Tillotson Grant from a local business - materials and supplies will be
business, Non-Profits,	purchased to address goals.
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementating in	
carrying out this action step(s)?	

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.2 OverarchingNeed # 2

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Increase rigor in all areas.
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Classroom assignments and questioning during daily assignments should be taught at a
	higher level DOK.
Goal	Teachers will develop a set of best practices for promoting academic excellence through
	rigor in the classroom.

Action Step	Best practices teachers will implement will include:
-	-Writing across the curriculum, which can include writing journals and daily writing
	prompts in reading and math.
	-Problem-solving assignments, including case studies, group activities, essays comparing
	texts, etc.
	-Oral communication presentations, such as open debates, summary presentations and
	role playing presentations
	-Reading/comprehension improvement by focusing on Close Reading strategies with a
	focus on writing including citing text, responding to text, and answering open ended
	questions.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
-	Title I, Part A SIG
	Title I, Part C
	Title I, Part D
	Title II, Part A
	Title III, Part A
	Title IV, Part A
	Title V, Part B
	IDEA
	McKinney-Vento
	Perkins
	N/A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
Method for Monitoring	lesson plans and classroom observations
Implementation and Effectiveness	-

Position/Role Responsible	classroom teachers special education resource teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

What partnerships with IHEs,	Through the generosity of Omnova Solutions (Chemical Company) our school is able to
business, Non-Profits,	participate in the Future Solvers Program at a state competition.
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementating in	
carrying out this action step(s)?	

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.3 OverarchingNeed # 3

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Employment of an academic coach at Menlo School
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Lower socio-economic population, parental involvement and lack of emphasis placed on
	reading at home, and undiagnosed learning disabilities.
Goal	Through the employment of an academic coach the teachers will be able to address specific
	needs that would improve rigor and increase Lexile Levels.

Action Step	The academic coach will lead data driven teams in an effort to improve reading levels,
	increase rigor in the classroom, and close academic gaps. The coach will model Best
	Practices in the classrooms and work with teachers to identify best teaching practices.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Benchmarks, Milestones, STAR tests, and assesslets.
Implementation and Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Academic Coach
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships with IHEs,	Possible use of Tillotson Funds a reading program with the Lawrence Center.
business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementating in	
carrying out this action step(s)?	

SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

3 Required Questions

Required Questions

1 In developing this plan, briefly describe	The Title 1 Schoolwide Improvement Plan was developed with the
how the school sought advice from	involvement of the community to be served and as a part of strategic planning.
individuals (teachers, staff, other school	Representatives from each grade level, leadership team, special programs,
leaders, paraprofessionals, specialized	administration, and parents have developed the plan through information
instructional support personnel, parents,	gleaned from various surveys sent our and collected throughout the school
community partners, and other	year.
stakeholders) was accomplished.	
	•
2 Described and the sheet of the state of the state	\mathbf{X}

2 Describe how the school will ensure that	We increase the amount and quality of learning time by offering 45 minute
low-income and minority children enrolled	Extended Learning Times during the school day. This time is used to focus
in the Title I school are not served at	specifically on students' weaknesses and offer specific interventions to target
disproportionate rates by ineffective,	these areas. We offer after school tutoring sessions for under performing
out-of-field, or inexperienced teachers.	students in small groups to remediate and prepare students for Georgia
	Milestones. We also offer tutoring to students who qualify under the
	McKinney-Vento Homeless Grant.

3 Provide a general description of the Title I	Currently, our system has in place instructional coaches in the four core areas
instructional program being implemented at	(ELA, Math, Science, and Social Studies) who work the faculty and staff to
this Title I School. Specifically define the	implement common formative assessments, pacing guides, and curriculum
subject areas to be addressed and the	maps that are appropriate and challenging. Units of study that will and are
instructional strategies/methodologies to be	being implemented for all grades are the Lucy Caulkins Writing Program,
employed to address the identified needs of	Eureka Math, New Science (Three Dimensional Instructional Model) and
the most academically at-risk students in the	Social Studies Standards (Inquiry Based Model) were implemented during the
school. Please include services to be	2018/19 school year. Currently, there are no students from Menlo School
provided for students living in local	living in local institutions.
institutions for neglected or delinquent	č
children (if applicable).	

4 If applicable, provide a description of how	Results from standardized tests, benchmarks, and progress monitoring are
teachers, in consultation with parents,	evaluated by the School Leadership Team and Success Team. Test results are
administrators, and pupil services personnel,	discussed throughout the year at faculty meetings and grade level meetings in
will identify eligible children most in need of	an effort to improve the overall instructional program. Sessions are scheduled
services in Title I targeted assistance	during the year to give teachers additional time to review test results and
schools/programs. Please include a	develop lessons that will target specific areas of need. Furthermore, school
description of how the school will develop	improvement plans are written and evaluated throughout the year. At Menlo
and implement multiple (a minimum of 2)	Elementary School, we use many different assessments to determine the

4 If applicable, provide a description of how	progress of our students. These include:
teachers, in consultation with parents,	College and Career Readiness Performance Index (CCRPI) Reports
administrators, and pupil services personnel,	Georgia Milestones Assessment
will identify eligible children most in need of	STAR Reading
services in Title I targeted assistance	STAR Math
schools/programs. Please include a	GKIDS
description of how the school will develop	Write Score
and implement multiple (a minimum of 2)	Accelerated Reader
objective, academic-based performance	End of Module Assessments
criteria to rank students for service. Also	Performance Tasks
include a description of the measurable scale	
(point system) that uses the objective criteria	
to rank all students.	

5 If applicable, describe how the school will	Menlo School presently houses a Pre-K program. Daily routines such as lunch,
support, coordinate, and integrate services	morning and afternoon dismissals, and meal schedules are embedded into
with early childhood programs at the school	their time at school. Periodic assemblies and other programs are also a part of
level, including strategies for assisting	their routines that also assists students in transitioning into our Kindergarten
preschool children in the transition from	Program. Classroom teachers are also included in discussions and matters that
early childhood education programs to local	pertain to the school as a whole.
elementary school programs.	

6 If applicable, describe how the school will	Transitioning form MES to the local high school begins with offering 8th grade
implement strategies to facilitate effective	students an opportunity to take three ninth grade classes that are taught at our
transitions for students from middle grades	school. Students attend registrations held at Menlo as well as the high school.
to high school and from high school to	An individualized graduation plan as well as choosing career pathways are a
postsecondary education including:	part of the process.
Coordination with institutions of higher	
education, employers, and local partners;	
and	
Increased student access to early college,	
high school, or dual or concurrent	
enrollment opportunities or career	
counseling to identify student interest and	
skills.	

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	7 Describe how the school will support	Each grade level has a discipline policy that has been put into place to
	efforts to reduce the overuse of discipline	encourage positive behavior and curtail office visits. Behavior management
	practices that remove students from the	protocol is established and shared with parents as well as the students who
	classroom, specifically addressing the effects	both in turn sign the documentation that addresses specific misbehavior and
	on all subgroups of students.	the consequences established.

ADDITIONAL RESPONSES

8 Use the space below to provide additional	This SIP is designed to address student, parent, and teacher needs and is used
narrative regarding the school's	as guideline to better the education of the students, promote community
improvement plan	involvement, and improve teacher and student morale.